

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This statement reports on the main corporate governance practices of Archer Exploration Limited (Company) as at 20 September 2017 and it has been approved by the Board of the Company.

It is the responsibility of the Board of Directors of the Company to monitor the business affairs of the Company and to protect the rights and interests of the shareholders. The Board believes that high standards of corporate governance are an essential prerequisite for creating sustainable value for shareholders.

This statement sets out the Company's main corporate governance policies and practices. All these practices, unless otherwise stated, were in place for the entire year ended 30 June 2017. The policies and practices are reported against the 3rd Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

Where the Company's compliance with the Principles and Recommendations is reflected in a separate document or policy, a reference to the location of that document or policy is included in this statement.

References in this statement to "reporting period" are to the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) *the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and*
- (b) *those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.*

Recommendation followed. The Company's Board Charter sets out (amongst other things): (a) the roles and responsibilities of the Board and of management; (b) the matters expressly reserved to the Board; and (c) the matters delegated to management.

A copy of the Board Charter can be viewed at: [Board Charter](#)

The Audit & Risk Management Committee have also been referred responsibilities by the Board as set out in the Committee's Charter. The Charters for the Audit & Risk Management Committee can be viewed at: [Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter](#)

Recommendation 1.2

A listed entity should:

- (a) *undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and*
- (b) *provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.*

Recommendation followed. Prior to the appointment of a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director, the Company undertakes checks which it believes are appropriate to verify a director's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history and for new directors, including, but not limited to the following:

- Background and reference checking
- Requesting information in relation to the person's current and previous positions, directorships, bankruptcy history and any potential conflicts of interest.

The Company ensures that all material information in its possession relevant to a shareholder's decision whether to elect or re-elect a director, including the information referred to in Recommendation 1.2, is provided to shareholders in the Company's Notice of Annual General Meeting.

Recommendation 1.3

A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

Recommendation followed. Each director and senior executive of the Company has an agreement in writing with the Company which sets out the key terms and conditions of their appointment including their duties, rights and responsibilities and (to the extent applicable) the matters referred to in the commentary to Recommendation 1.3.

Recommendation 1.4

The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

Recommendation followed. The Company Secretary has a direct line of reporting to the Chairman and is responsible for:

- advising and supporting the Chairman and the Board and its committees to manage the day to day governance framework of the Company;
- assisting with Board effectiveness by monitoring whether applicable Board and committee policies, procedures and charters are followed and coordinating timely completion and despatch of Board agendas and papers; and
- assisting with all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board including advising on governance matters and assisting with induction and professional development of directors.

The responsibilities of the Company Secretary are set out in the Board Charter referenced in this statement.

Recommendation 1.5

A listed entity should:

- (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and
- (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either:
 - the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

Recommendation not followed. Given the small size of the Company and status of the Company's projects, the directors believe that it is not appropriate at this stage to set measurable objectives in relation to diversity beyond those included in the Diversity Policy. Notwithstanding this, the Company strives to provide the best possible opportunities for current and prospective employees of all backgrounds in such a manner that best adds to overall shareholders value and which reflects the values, principles and spirit of the Diversity Policy. The directors also believe that diversity is a relevant consideration for constitution of an effective Board, as discussed at Recommendation 2.2.

The Company seeks to treat everyone with fairness and respect, which includes valuing diversity and difference and acting without prejudice. The Company believes that decision-making is enhanced through diversity and supports and encourages diversity at all levels of the organisation in accordance with the Company's Diversity Policy. A copy of the Diversity Policy is located on the Company's website at: [Diversity Policy](#)

The Board assesses any measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and annually reviews any such objectives and the Company's progress towards achieving them. The Board reviews at least annually on the relative proportion of women and men appointed or employed within the Company group and reports this in the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and as appropriate in its Annual Report, each year.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company reports as follows:

Gender diversity report	Total positions	Held by women	% held by women
Board	3	1	33.3%
Senior executives	1	-	-
Other employees	4	2	50%
Total organisation	8	3	37.5%

Recommendation 1.6

A listed entity should:

- (a) *have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and*
- (b) *disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.*

Recommendation followed. The Board Charter details the Company's commitment, responsibility and process to annually evaluate the performance of the Board, individual directors, the chairman and Committees of the Board. The Board Charter is located on the Company's website at: [Board Charter](#)

Consistent with this commitment, the Company also has a document that details its procedure in respect of performance evaluation of the Board, individual directors and key executives.

The Board itself is responsible for the evaluation of its performance and the performance of individual directors. This evaluation is currently conducted via self-assessment annually, and is managed by the Company Secretary at the direction of the Chairman. From time to time and as deemed necessary, the Company, at the direction of the Chairman, may undertake to have its performance evaluation process facilitated externally by an appropriately qualified service provider.

The review of the Board's performance also addresses the ability for directors to access continuing education to update and enhance their skills and knowledge as they relate to the Company's strategy and objectives. In addition, the Company regularly invites external advisors to attend meetings for the purpose of providing directors with updates and ongoing professional education.

During the reporting period, the Company has undertaken an evaluation of the performance of the Board, individual directors, the Chairman and Committees of the Board.

Recommendation 1.7

A listed entity should:

- (a) *have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and*
- (b) *disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.*

Recommendation followed. The Board (excluding the Executive Chairman) reviews the performance of the Executive Chairman annually. The Executive Chairman's performance is assessed against key performance indicators (KPIs) set by the Board, and takes into account criteria such as the achievement and performance towards the Company's objectives and (where appropriate) performance benchmarks and the achievement of individual performance objectives.

The Executive Chairman reviews the performance of the senior executives annually, against agreed KPIs, taking into account achievement and performance towards the Company's objectives and achievement of individual performance objectives.

The Board also recognises the need for flexibility in defining performance objectives which must reflect the current status of the Company (as an exploration company) and the respective stages of its projects.

During the reporting period, performance evaluations of the Executive Chairman and senior executives was undertaken by the Company.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value

Recommendation 2.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) *have a nomination committee which:*
 - (i) *has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors;*
 - (ii) *is chaired by an independent director, and disclose;*
 - (iii) *the charter of the committee;*
 - (iv) *the members of the committee; and*
 - (v) *as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or*
- (b) *if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.*

Recommendation followed. The Board has no formal nomination committee, given the small size and limited resources available to the Company. However, acting in its ordinary capacity from time to time as required, the Board carries out the process of determining the need for, screening and appointing new Directors.

Directors are selected by reference to their knowledge, skills and experience relevant to the business needs of the Company. New directors are invited to join the Board by the chairperson, who makes the invitation based on recommendations made by the Board and approved by the Board.

The Company aims to nominate and appoint individuals with diverse skills, values, backgrounds and experiences. The Company values this diversity and recognises the strengths and opportunities that it may bring to the Board.

In order to attract and retain a diverse Board composition, the Company is committed to providing a working environment in which all directors, employees and consultants are treated fairly and respectfully, and have equal access to opportunities available within the Company for personal and professional development.

Archer Exploration Limited is aware of the benefits of gender diversity and is committed to ensuring female participation is reflected at all levels of the organisation.

In view of the small size and limited resources available to the Company, it is not considered that a separate nomination committee would add any further substance to this process.

Recommendation 2.2

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

Recommendation followed. The Board regularly evaluates the mix of skills, experience and diversity at the Board level. The Board believes that a highly credentialed Board, with a diversity of background, skills and perspectives, will be effective in supporting and enabling delivery of good governance for the Company and value for the Company's shareholders.

At the end of the reporting period, the Board comprised four Directors from diverse backgrounds with a range of business experience, skills and attributes. The following table demonstrates the skills and experience of the Directors across several dimensions that are relevant to the Company. Biographical information on each director is contained in the Annual Report and on the Company's website.

Composition of skills and experience of the Board (out of 3 Directors):

Skills & Experience	Number of Directors
<u>Industry experience</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Management / board representation in other resource entities (past and present). - transactions within the resources sector (e.g. mergers, acquisitions, joint ventures, IPOs etc.). - Membership of industry related organisations. - Relevant industry qualification or experience. 	3
<u>Executive leadership/management</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Outside directorships (past or present). - Senior management positions (past or present). 	3
<u>Financial acumen</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Financial Literacy. - Accounting, finance or business qualification. 	3
<u>Governance & regulation</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Experience in the governance of listed organisations. - Membership of governance bodies or organisations. 	3
<u>Strategy</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Experience to analyse information, think strategically and review and challenge management in order to make informed decisions and assess performance against strategy. 	3
<u>Risk</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Experience in risk management and oversight. 	3

The Board aspires to have a Board comprised of individuals' diverse experience and expertise and will be mindful of this when making appointments which will also be based on merit.

Recommendation 2.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) *the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;*
- (b) *if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and*
- (c) *the length of service of each director.*

Recommendation followed. In the opinion of the Board, to qualify as being “independent”, a director must be independent of management and free of any business or other relationship which could materially interfere or could reasonably be perceived to interfere materially with the Director’s independent exercise of their judgement.

Mr G English, Chairman, was appointed to the Board as a director on 9 May 2007, and has since been appointed Executive Chairman as of 1 June 2015. Mr English contributed to the formation, exploration assets and listing of the Company on the ASX in 2007, and currently holds 6.62% of the share capital of the Company at the end of the reporting period. By virtue of his substantial shareholding and position as an executive director, Mr English is not considered by the Board to be an independent director for the purpose of ASX Recommendation 2.3.

Ms A McCleary was appointed as a non-executive director on 16 February 2007 and is considered by the Board to be an independent director, having regard to the factors set out above. Ms A McCleary holds less than 5% of the share capital of the Company at the end of the reporting period.

Mr P Rix was appointed as a non-executive director on 08 February 2016 and is considered by the Board to be an independent director, having regard to the factors set out above. Mr P Rix holds less than 5% of the share capital of the Company at the end of the reporting period.

Recommendation 2.4

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

Recommendation followed. Two out of the three Board members are independent directors. The Board has been comprised of majority independent directors for the whole of the reporting period as required for Recommendation 2.4 to be followed.

In accordance with the ASX Recommendations, the independence of a director is assessed by determining whether the director is independent of management and free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgment. The test of whether a relationship or business is material is based on the nature of the relationship or business and on the circumstances and activities of the director. Materiality thresholds are considered by the Board from time to time.

As stated above, Mr G English is not deemed to be independent.

Ms A McCleary and Mr P Rix are each regarded as independent as they are free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement.

Recommendation 2.5

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

Recommendation not followed. The Chairman of the Board is not an independent director as described in recommendation 2.3. The Chairman is the current CEO of the Company.

Recommendation 2.6

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

Recommendation followed. All new directors are provided with an induction including comprehensive meetings with the Chairman and senior executives / management as appropriate and provision of information on the Company including Company policies and procedures, charters and other material documents.

All directors are expected to maintain the skills required to effectively discharge their obligations to the Company. Directors are encouraged to undertake continuing professional education and, if this involves industry seminars and approved education courses, where appropriate, this is paid for by the Company. The Company also arranges for advisors to regularly provide continuing education development for all directors. Furthermore, Directors' skills, knowledge and opportunities for continuing education and development are considered annually as part of the performance evaluation of the Board, individual directors and Chairman.

Principle 3 – A listed entity should act ethically and responsibly

Recommendation 3.1

A listed entity should (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.

Recommendation followed. The Company has a Code of Conduct that sets out the standards of behaviour expected of all its employees, directors, officers, contractors and consultants. The Code of Conduct is located on the Company's website at:

[Code of Conduct and Ethics](#)

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation 4.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) *have an audit committee which:*
 - (i) *has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and*
 - (ii) *is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:*
 - (iii) *the charter of the committee;*
 - (iv) *the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and*
 - (v) *in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or*
- (b) *if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.*

Recommendation not followed. The Company has established an Audit & Risk Management Committee (**Committee**). The Committee is chaired by an independent director, Ms A McCleary, who is not the chair of the Board.

At present, the Committee comprises only two members, both of whom are non-executive and independent directors. Prior to the retirement of director Tom Phillips AM on 31 December 2016, the Committee consisted of three members, all being non-executive and independent directors. However, this was not in place for the whole of the period, which is required for Recommendation 4.1 to be followed.

Whilst the Audit & Risk Management Committee did not comprise of three members for the whole of the reporting period, the Company did (and still does) have processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

These processes are detailed in the Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter. The Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter is located on the Company's website at: [Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter](#)

The Committee's members and their relevant qualifications and experience, the number of times the Committee met throughout the reporting period and the attendance of the Committee's members at those meetings is set out in the Company's Annual Report.

Recommendation 4.2

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Recommendation followed. The Board has received a declaration in the form set out in Recommendation 4.2 from its Chief Executive Officer (Executive Chairman) and Chief Financial Officer in relation to the financial statements for the reporting period.

Recommendation 4.3

A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

Recommendation followed. The Company's external auditor attends each AGM of the Company and is always available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1

A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Recommendation followed. The Company has a Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy that outlines the processes followed by the Company to ensure compliance with its continuous disclosure obligations and the corporate governance standards applied by the Company in its communications to the market. The Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy is located on the company's website at: [Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy](#)

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

Recommendation 6.1

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

Recommendation followed. Information about the Company and its operations is located on the Company's website at: www.archerexploration.com.au

Information about the Company's corporate governance can be accessed from this page (including links to the Company's Corporate Governance Statement, charters and other policies and procedures).

Recommendation 6.2

A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.

Recommendation followed. The Company has a Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy that outlines the processes followed by the Company to ensure communication with shareholders and the investment community is effective, consistent and adheres to the principles of continuous disclosure. The Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy is located on the company's website at: [Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy](#)

Recommendation 6.3

A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.

Recommendation followed. The Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy sets out the policies and processes the Company has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders. The Company permits shareholders to cast their proxies prior to a General Meeting if they are unable to attend the meeting.

Recommendation 6.4

A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

Recommendation followed. The Company gives security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its security registry electronically, as provided for in the Company's Continuous Disclosure & Communications Policy.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) *have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:*
 - (i) *has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and*
 - (ii) *is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:*
 - (iii) *the charter of the committee;*
 - (iv) *the members of the committee; and*
 - (v) *as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or*
- (b) *if it does not have risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.*

Recommendation followed. The Company has established an Audit & Risk Management Committee (**Committee**) to oversee risk whether financial, operational or otherwise. The Committee is chaired by an independent director, Ms A McCleary, who is not the chair of the Board.

At present, the Committee comprises only two members, both of whom are independent directors. Prior to the retirement of director Tom Phillips AM on 31 December 2016, the Committee consisted of three members, all being independent directors. However, this was not in place for the whole of the period, required to satisfy part a) of Recommendation 7.1.

The Committee's members and their relevant qualifications and experience, the number of times the Committee met throughout the reporting period and the attendance of the Committee's members at those meetings is set out in the Annual Report for the reporting period.

The Company's Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter is located on the Company's website at: [Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter](#)

Whilst the Audit & Risk Management Committee did not comprise of three members for the whole of the reporting period, the Company did (and still does) have processes it employs for overseeing the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's Risk Management Policy sets the framework for risk management and review of the risk management framework.

The Company's Risk Management Policy requires the Board to, at least annually and assisted by the Audit & Risk Management Committee, undertake a structured consideration and review of the risk management framework and the material risks faced by the Company.

The Risk Management Policy is located on the Company's website at: [Risk Management Policy](#)

Recommendation 7.2

The board or a committee of the board should:

- (a) *review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and*
- (b) *disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.*

Recommendation followed. The Company's Risk Management Policy sets the framework for risk management and review of the risk management framework.

The Company's Risk Management Policy requires the Board to, at least annually and assisted by the Audit & Risk Management Committee, undertake a structured consideration and review of the risk management framework and the material risks faced by the Company.

The Risk Management Policy is located on the Company's website at: [Risk Management Policy](#)

In respect of the current reporting period, the Board, assisted by the Audit & Risk Management Committee has completed a review of the Company's risk management framework. This review involved taking account of any material changes in the risks associated with the company's activities and updating the framework accordingly.

Recommendation 7.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) *if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or*
- (b) *if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.*

Recommendation followed. Archer is committed to understanding and managing risk and to establishing an organisational culture that ensures risk management is included in all activities, decision making and business processes. The Company does not have a formal internal audit function due to its small size.

The Audit & Risk Management Committee meets at least bi-annually to receive and consider reports on, and monitor and discuss, known and emerging risk and compliance issues, including non-financial operational and other business risks.

The ongoing mitigation and management of key business risks is an item addressed by the Board as a whole at each board meeting through discussion, and it is an item of business on the agenda of the Audit & Risk Management Committee at least bi-annually. Operational, financial, legal, compliance, strategic and reputational risks continue to be managed primarily by the Managing Director/CEO, the Chief Financial Officer and the Exploration Manager as a part of the day-to-day management of the Company's affairs. Where appropriate, these risks are managed with the support of relevant external professional advisers.

The Company undertakes an ongoing review of its safety and environmental risks and reports on this aspect to the Board on a monthly basis.

Recommendation 7.4

A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

Recommendation followed. The Company undertakes minerals exploration activities and, as such, faces risks inherent to its business, including economic, environmental and social sustainability risks, which may materially impact the Company's ability to create or preserve value for security holders over the short, medium or long term.

One of the Company's core values is safety; it prioritises safety and health to people, the environment and community. The Company views sustainable and responsible business practices as an important long term driver of performance and shareholder value and is committed to transparency, fair dealing, responsible treatment of employees and partners and positive interaction with the community.

In addition to the Company's risk management framework (as described in the Company's Risk Management Policy), the Company undertakes an ongoing review of its safety and environmental risks and reports on this aspect to the Board on a monthly basis.

While the Company is committed to continual review of its status with respect of the materiality of its economic, environmental and social sustainability risks, and take appropriate action to address as circumstances require.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) *have a remuneration committee which:*
- (i) *has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and*
 - (ii) *is chaired by an independent director, and disclose*
 - (iii) *the charter of the committee;*
 - (iv) *the members of the committee; and*
 - (v) *as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or*
- (b) *if it does not have remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.*

Recommendation followed. The Company does not have a separate remuneration committee due to the current small size of the Company and its operations. The Board as a whole has responsibility for the function of the remuneration committee, including the performance evaluation and remuneration of the Managing Director/CEO.

The primary function is to consider and recommend compensation arrangements for the Managing Director/CEO and senior executives, remuneration policies and practices, retirement termination policies and practices, company share schemes and other incentive schemes, company superannuation arrangements and remuneration arrangements for members of the Board.

The Company's Remuneration Policy is located on the company's website at: [Remuneration Policy](#)

The primary functions of the Board in relation to the Remuneration policy is to:

- make specific decisions for remuneration of directors and senior officers;
- resolve the terms and conditions of employment for the Managing Director/CEO;
- undertake a review of the Managing Director/CEO's performance, at least annually, including setting with the Managing Director/CEO goals for the coming year and reviewing progress in achieving those goals;
- report on the decisions for the Managing Director/CEO and senior employees on the remuneration to the Managing Director/CEO; and
- develop and facilitate a process for board and director evaluation.

In fulfilling its role of the remuneration committee, the Board may seek to retain professional services as it requires, at reasonable market rates, and seek external advice and market comparisons where necessary.

Recommendation 8.2

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

Recommendation followed. The Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives is set out in the Remuneration Report contained in the Company's Annual Report. A copy of the Company's Annual Report is located on the Company's website.

Recommendation 8.3

A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:

- (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and*
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.*

Recommendation followed. The Company has an equity-based remuneration scheme. The Company's Securities Trading Policy provides that participants in the scheme must not enter into any transaction which would have the effect of hedging or otherwise transferring to any other person the risk of any fluctuation in the value of any unvested equity interest. The Securities Trading Policy is located on the Company's website at: [Securities Trading Policy](#)